

- b) a second recombinase element having the general structure P2-RS1-STP-RS1-R2;
- c) a third recombinase element having the general structure P3-RS2-STP-RS2-TG;

wherein:

- (i) P1 is a first promoter;
- (ii) R1 is a first recombinase coding sequence and 3' region;
- (iii) RS1 is a first recombinase site responsive to a first recombinase;
- (iv) P2 is a second promoter;
- (v) RS2 is a second recombinase site responsive to a second recombinase;
- (vi) STP is a stop fragment;
- (vii) R2 is a second recombinase coding sequence and 3' region;
- (viii) TG is a transgene sequence and 3' region; and
- (vi) P3 is a third promoter;

wherein P1, P2 and P3 are operably linked to their down stream elements, and

wherein the temporal expression specificity of each promoter is such that the activation of P2, driving expression of R2, occurs concomitantly with or after P1, driving expression of R1, and the activation of P3, driving expression of TG, occurs concomitantly with or after P2, driving expression of R2;

- 2) providing a transgenic plant comprising the first, second and third recombinase elements;
- 3) activating P1 such that the R1 recombinase coding sequence is expressed in a first generation plant, wherein expression of R1 excises the stop fragment from the second recombinase element;
- 4) activating P2 such that R2 is expressed, wherein expression of R2 excises the stop fragment from the third recombinase element allowing expression of the transgene in the first and all subsequent generations of plants.--

--82. A method for conditionally activating a transgene in a second generation plant comprising:

- 1) providing constructs comprising:
 - a) a first recombinase element having the general structure P1-R1;
 - b) a second recombinase element having the general structure P2-RS1-STP-RS1-R2;
 - c) a third recombinase element having the general structure P3-RS2-STP-RS2-TG;

wherein:

- (i) P1 is a first germline promoter;
- (ii) R1 is a first recombinase coding sequence and 3' region;
- (iii) RS1 is a first recombinase site responsive to a first recombinase;
- (iv) P2 is a second germline promoter;
- (v) RS2 is a second recombinase site responsive to a second recombinase;
- (vi) STP is a stop fragment;
- (vii) R2 is a second recombinase coding sequence and 3' region;
- (viii) TG is a transgene sequence and 3' region; and
- (vi) P3 is a third promoter;

wherein P1, P2 and P3 are operably linked to their down stream elements, and

wherein the temporal expression specificity of each promoter is such that the activation of P2, driving expression of R2, occurs concomitantly with or after P1, driving expression of R1, in the first generation common germline cells and the activation of P3, driving expression of TG, occurs in the second generation;

- 2) providing a transgenic plant comprising the first, second and third recombinase elements;
- 3) activating P1 such that the R1 recombinase coding sequence is expressed in the common germline of a first generation plant, wherein expression of R1

excises the stop fragment from the second recombinase element;

- 4) activating P2 such that R2 is expressed in the common germline of the first generation plant, wherein expression of R2 excises the stop fragment from the third recombinase element allowing expression of the transgene in the second and all subsequent generations of plants.--

--83. A method for conditionally activating a transgene in a plant comprising:

- 1) providing constructs comprising:
 - a) a first recombinase element having the general structure P1-R1;
 - b) a second recombinase element having the general structure P2-RS1-STP-RS1-R2;
 - c) a third recombinase element having the general structure P3-RS2-STP-RS2-TG;

wherein:

- (i) P1 is a first promoter;
- (ii) R1 is a first recombinase coding sequence and 3' region;
- (iii) RS1 is a first recombinase site responsive to a first recombinase;
- (iv) P2 is a second promoter;
- (v) RS2 is a second recombinase site responsive to a second recombinase;
- (vi) STP is a stop fragment;
- (vii) R2 is a second recombinase coding sequence and 3' region;
- (viii) TG is a transgene sequence and 3' region;
- and
- (vi) P3 is a third promoter;

wherein P1, P2 and P3 are operably linked to their down stream elements, and wherein the temporal expression specificity of each promoter is such that the activation of P2, driving expression of R2, occurs concomitantly with or after P1, driving expression of R1, and the activation of P3, driving

expression of TG, occurs concomitantly with or after P2, driving expression of R2;

- 2) providing a transgenic plant comprising the third recombinase element;
- 3) transforming the transgenic plant of (2) with either the first recombinase element to generate a first plant or the second recombinase element to generate a second plant;
- 4) crossing the first and second plants such that expression of R1 is expressed and excises the stop fragment from the second recombinase element allowing expression of R2 under the control of P2 which, in turn, excises the stop fragment from the third recombinase element, permitting expression of the trait gene(s) under the control of P3 in the first and subsequent generation(s).--

--84. A method for conditionally activating a transgene in a second generation plant comprising:

- 1) providing constructs comprising:
 - a) a first recombinase element having the general structure P1-R1;
 - b) a second recombinase element having the general structure P2-RS1-STP-RS1-R2;
 - c) a third recombinase element having the general structure P3-RS2-STP-RS2-TG;

wherein:

- (i) P1 is a first germline promoter;
- (ii) R1 is a first recombinase coding sequence and 3' region;
- (iii) RS1 is a first recombinase site responsive to a first recombinase;
- (iv) P2 is a second germline promoter;
- (v) RS2 is a second recombinase site responsive to a second recombinase;
- (vi) STP is a stop fragment;
- (vii) R2 is a second recombinase coding sequence and 3' region;

(viii) TG is a transgene sequence and 3' region;

and

(vi) P3 is a third promoter;

wherein P1, P2 and P3 are operably linked to their down stream elements, and

wherein the temporal expression specificity of each promoter is such that the activation of P2, driving expression of R2, occurs concomitantly with or after P1, driving expression if R1 in the first generation common germline cells and the activation of P3, driving expression of TG, occurs in the second generation;

2) providing a transgenic plant comprising the third recombinase element;

3) transforming the transgenic plant of (2) with either the first recombinase element to generate a first plant or the second recombinase element to generate a second plant;

4) crossing the first and second plants such that expression of R1, under the control of P1 in the common germline of the first generation, excises the stop fragment from the second recombinase element allowing expression of R2 under the control of P2 in the common germline of the first generation plant which, in turn, excises the stop fragment from the third recombinase element, permitting expression of the trait gene(s) under the control of P3 in the second and subsequent generation(s).--

--85. A method for conditionally activating a transgene in a plant comprising:

1) providing constructs comprising:

a) a first recombinase element having the general structure P1-R1;

b) a second recombinase element having the general structure P2-RS1-STP-RS1-R2;

c) a third recombinase element having the general structure P3-RS2-STP-RS2-TG;

wherein:

- (i) P1 is a first promoter;
- (ii) R1 is a first recombinase coding sequence and 3' region;
- (iii) RS1 is a first recombinase site responsive to a first recombinase;
- (iv) P2 is a second promoter;
- (v) RS2 is a second recombinase site responsive to a second recombinase;
- (vi) STP is a stop fragment;
- (vii) R2 is a second recombinase coding sequence and 3' region;
- (viii) TG is a transgene sequence and 3' region;
and
- (vi) P3 is a third promoter;

wherein P1, P2 and P3 are operably linked to their down stream elements, and wherein the temporal expression specificity of each promoter is such that the activation of P2, driving expression of R2, occurs concomitantly with or after P1, driving expression of R1, and the activation of P3, driving expression of TG, occurs concomitantly with or after P2, driving expression of R2;

- 2) providing a transgenic plant comprising the first, second and third recombinase elements;
- 3) inducing the first promoter such that R1 is expressed under the control of P1 in the first generation, wherein R1 excises the stop fragment from the second recombinase element allowing expression of R2 under the control of P2, which, in turn, excises the stop fragment from the third recombinase element, permitting expression of the trait gene(s) under the control of P3 promoter in the first and subsequent generation(s).--

--86. A method for conditionally activating a transgene in a second generation plant comprising:

- 1) providing constructs comprising:

- a) a first recombinase element having the general structure P1-R1;
- b) a second recombinase element having the general structure P2-RS1-STP-RS1-R2;
- c) a third recombinase element having the general structure P3-RS2-STP-RS2-TG;

wherein:

- (i) P1 is a first germline promoter;
- (ii) R1 is a first recombinase coding sequence and 3' region;
- (iii) RS1 is a first recombinase site responsive to a first recombinase;
- (iv) P2 is a second germline promoter;
- (v) RS2 is a second recombinase site responsive to a second recombinase;
- (vi) STP is a stop fragment;
- (vii) R2 is a second recombinase coding sequence and 3' region;
- (viii) TG is a transgene sequence and 3' region;
- and
- (vi) P3 is a third promoter;

wherein P1, P2 and P3 are operably linked to their down stream elements, and

wherein the temporal expression specificity of each promoter is such that the activation of P2, driving expression of R2, occurs concomitantly with or after P1, driving expression of R1, in the first generation common germline cells and the activation of P3, driving expression of TG, occurs in the second generation;

- 2) providing a transgenic plant comprising the first, second and third recombinase elements;

3) inducing the first promoter such that expression of R1, under the control of P1 in the common germline of the first generation, excises the stop fragment from the second recombinase element allowing expression of R2 under the control of P2 in the common germline of the first generation plant, which, in turn, excises the stop fragment from the third recombinase element, permitting expression of the trait gene(s)

under the control of P3 promoter in the second and subsequent generation(s).

Please Amend the following claims as indicated:

39. (Amended One Time) A method for conditionally activating a transgene in a plant comprising:

- 1) providing constructs comprising:
- a) a first recombinase element having the general structure P1-R1;
 - b) a second recombinase element the having general structure P2-RS1-STP-RS1-R2;
 - c) a third recombinase element having the general structure P3-RS2-STP-RS2-TG1; and
 - d) a fourth recombinase element having the general structure P4-RS2-STP-RS2-TG2;

wherein:

- (i) P1 is a first promoter;
- (ii) R1 is a first recombinase coding sequence and 3' region;
- (iii) RS1 is a first recombinase site responsive to a first recombinase;
- (iv) P2 is a second promoter;
- (v) RS2 is a second recombinase site responsive to a second recombinase;
- (vi) STP is a stop fragment;
- (vii) R2 is a second recombinase coding sequence and 3' region;
- (viii) TG1 is a first transgene sequence and 3' region;
- (ix) TG2 is a second transgene sequence and 3' region;
- (ix) P3 is a third promoter; and
- (x) P4 is a fourth promoter;

wherein P1, P2, P3 and P4 are operably linked to their down stream elements and wherein TG1 and TG2 are different trait transgenes and wherein P3 and P4 are activated in a second generation plant;

- 2) providing a first and second plant selected from the group consisting of:
- a) a first plant comprising the first and third recombinate elements and a second plant comprising the second and fourth recombinate elements;
 - b) a first plant comprising the first and fourth recombinate elements and a second plant comprising the second and third recombinate elements;
- 3) crossing the first and second plants to produce a first generation plant wherein conditional expression of the first recombinate coding sequence (R1) under the control of the P1 promoter in the common germline of the first generation, excises the stop fragment from the second recombinate element allowing expression of the second recombinate coding sequence and 3' region (R2) under the control of P2 promoter, which recombinate, in turn, excises the stop fragments from the third and fourth recombinate elements, permitting expression of the trait gene(s) TG1 and TG2 under the control of P3 and P4 promoter, respectively, in the second generation.

70. (Amended One Time) A method for the conditional expression of a transgene in a plant comprising:

- (i) providing a multiplicity of recombinate elements, each recombinate element comprising:

- a) at least one promoter;
- b) a DNA fragment;

wherein the DNA fragment comprises at least one genetic element selected from the group consisting of: a recombinate coding sequence, a site-specific recombinate sequence responsive to a recombinate, a stop fragment and a transgene;

- (ii) introducing at least two of the recombinase elements of step (i) into at least one plant wherein the at least two recombinase elements are selected from the group consisting of:
- a) a recombinase element having a first recombinase under the control of a promoter; and
 - b) a recombinase element having a second recombinase under the control of a promoter whose expression is dependent on the expression of the first recombinase;
- (iii) activating the promoter of step (ii)(a) wherein the expression of the second recombinase is effected by the expression of the first recombinase.

80. (Amended One Time) A trait expression construct comprising:

- a) a first recombinase element comprising a first promoter operably linked to a sequence encoding a first recombinase;
- b) a second recombinase element comprising a second promoter, a stop fragment bounded by site specific sequences responsive to the first recombinase and a sequence encoding a second recombinase wherein the presence of the stop fragment inhibits expression of the second recombinase, and wherein the first and second recombinases are different; and
- c) a DNA molecule bounded by site specific sequences responsive to the second recombinase;

wherein expression of the first recombinase excises the stop fragment from the second recombinase element, operably linking the second promoter and the sequence encoding the second recombinase, and wherein expression of the second recombinase results in site specific recombination within the DNA molecule bounded by site specific sequences responsive to the second recombinase.